TOWN OF MANCHESTER, MARYLAND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Manchester, Maryland

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities and each major fund of the Town of Manchester, Maryland (the Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Town, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of Town contributions and the Notes to the Required Supplementary Information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The schedule of revenues and expenditures – budget and actual – general fund and enterprise fund are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 26, 2023, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Baltimore, Maryland October 26, 2023

Introduction

As management of the Town of Manchester, Maryland (the Town), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The MD&A is best understood if read in conjunction with the Town's basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The Town's assets and deferred outflows of financial resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of financial resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$29.4 million (net position). Of this amount, \$5.2 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Town's note/bond payable decreased by \$197,933 during the current fiscal year from \$747,933 to \$550,000, due to the Town making the required annual principal payments on the note payable.
- The General Fund on a current financial resource basis, reported revenues in excess of expenditures of \$224,951.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$4.3 million.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of financial resources, with the difference between reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position and condition of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, public works, and recreation. The business-type activities of the Town include water and sewer operations.

The government-wide financial statements include only the Town of Manchester because the Town has no component unit relationships with any other agency. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Manchester, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By so doing, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town has only one governmental fund, the general fund. Information is presented for the General Fund in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for the general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 through 18 of this report. The budgetary comparison statement for the general fund can be found on page 19.

Proprietary funds. The Town maintains Enterprise funds, which are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Sewer operations, which are major funds. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 22 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The summary of significant accounting policies and notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are part of the basic financial statements and can be found on pages 23 through 42 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents supplementary information which details the Town's general fund budgetary comparison at a more detailed level and the Enterprise funds' budgetary comparisons. The supplementary information can be found beginning on page 50 of this report.

Required supplemental information. The financial statements also contain required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. This information includes tables related to the Town's proportionate share of pension liability and schedule of the Town contributions. The required supplementary information is located on pages 43 and 44 of this report and the notes to the required supplementary information is located on page 45 of this report.

Government-wide financial analysis. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's overall financial condition and position. In the case of the Town, assets and deferred outflows of financial resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of financial resources by \$29.4 million at the close of the current fiscal year. The Town's net position is divided into three categories – net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position. The largest portion of the Town's net position (66.73%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings, machinery, equipment, infrastructure, and improvements), less any unmatured debt used to acquire those assets. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Restricted net position represents 15.75% of total net position. Restricted net position includes resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Unrestricted net position of the Town has a balance of approximately \$5.1 million (17.52% of total net position), which may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The following table summarizes the net position for governmental and business-type activities at June 30, 2023 and 2022:

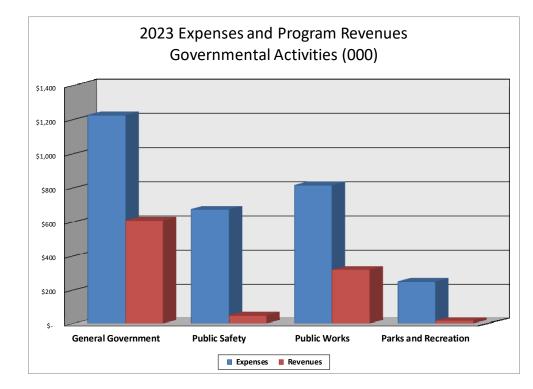
		Governmer	ntal A	ctivities	 Business-Ty	ctivities		Тс	Percent				
		2023		2022	 2023	2022			2023	2022		Change	
Current and Other Assets	\$	5,695,204	\$	6,299,513	\$ 9,897,485	\$	7,247,266	\$	15,592,689	\$	13,546,779	15 %	
Capital Assets, Net		8,108,901		8,225,181	12,070,609		11,759,987		20,179,510		19,985,168	1.0	
Total Assets		13,804,105		14,524,694	 21,968,094		19,007,253		35,772,199		33,531,947	6.7	
Total Deferred Outflows	_	415,866	_	445,556	 160,616		219,085		576,482	_	664,641	(13)	
Long-Term Liabilities		1,398,135		1,376,688	398,832		391,367		1,796,967		1,768,055	1.6	
Other Liabilities		484,228		468,607	3,736,499		2,150,510		4,220,727		2,619,117	61.2	
Total Liabilities		1,882,363		1,845,295	 4,135,331		2,541,877		6,017,694		4,387,172	37.2	
Total Deferred Inflows		231,389	_	1,308,360	 684,690		201,272	_	916,079		1,509,632	(39)	
Net Position:													
Capital Assets		7,558,901		7,500,181	12,070,609		11,737,054		19,629,510		19,237,235	2.0	
Restricted		-		-	4,632,684		4,482,630		4,632,684		4,482,630	3.3	
Unrestricted		4,547,318		4,316,414	605,396		263,505		5,152,714		4,579,919	12.5	
Total Net Position	\$	12,106,219	\$	11,816,595	\$ 17,308,689	\$	16,483,189	\$	29,414,908	\$	28,299,784	3.9	

The following table indicates the changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities at June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Governmen	ital A	ctivities	Business-Ty	ness-Type Activities			То	otal		Percent
	2023		2022	2023		2022	_	2023		2022	Change
Program Revenues	 <u> </u>										
Charges for Services	\$ 434,350	\$	421,964	\$ 1,549,989	\$	1,624,098	\$	1,984,339	\$	2,046,062	(3)%
Operating Grants	561,292		339,035	-		-		561,292		339,035	65.6
Capital Grants and											
Contributions	-		-	801,854		-		801,854		-	-
General Revenues											
Property Taxes	1,216,215		1,187,575	-		-		1,216,215		1,187,575	2.4
Other Taxes	944,399		1,055,654	-		-		944,399		1,055,654	(11)
Investment Earnings											
and Other	92,233		146,359	150,052		33,119		242,285		179,478	35.0
Total Revenue	 3,248,489		3,150,587	2,501,895		1,657,217		5,750,384		4,807,804	19.6
Program Expenses											
General Government	1,223,389		1,162,920	-		-		1,223,389		1,162,920	5.2
Public Safety	671,687		602,843	-		-		671,687		602,843	11.4
Public Works	814,351		839,389	-		-		814,351		839,389	(3)
Parks and Recreation	249,438		188,256	-		-		249,438		188,256	32.5
Utilities (Water and											
Sewer)	-		-	1,676,395		1,588,638		1,676,395		1,588,638	5.5
Total Program											
Expenses	 2,958,865		2,793,408	 1,676,395		1,588,638		4,635,260		4,382,046	5.8
INCREASE IN NET											
POSITION	289,624		357,179	825,500		68,579		1,115,124		425,758	161.9
Net Position -											
Beginning of Year	 11,816,595		11,459,416	 16,483,189		16,414,610		28,299,784		27,874,026	1.5
NET POSITION -											
END OF YEAR	\$ 12,106,219	\$	11,816,595	\$ 17,308,689	\$	16,483,189	\$	29,414,908	\$	28,299,784	3.9

Governmental activities. General revenues for the governmental activities were \$2.3 million, while total expenses, net of charges for services, grants and contributions, were \$2.0 million. The increase in net position for governmental activities was \$289,624, a decrease of \$67,555 over the prior year, for which the majority of can be attributed to the following:

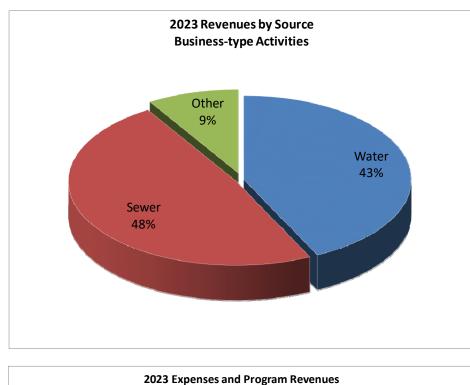
- Program revenue increased by \$234,643 or 30.8% primarily due to an increase from the State during FY23 for Program Open Space, as well as an increase in Highway User Tax from the State.
- Program expenses increased by \$165,457 or 5.9% primarily due to increased spending in parks and recreation for renovations to playgrounds.



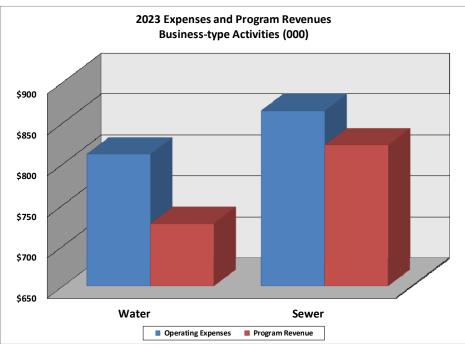
The following charts compare the Expenses and Program Revenues of the Town's governmental activities:

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the Town's net position by \$825,500, which was an increase of \$756,921 over the prior year. Key elements of this change are as follows:

• Business-type revenue increased \$844,678 or 50.9%. This is primarily due to the Town receiving ARPA funding during the current year that was used for water projects.



The following charts compare the Operating Expenses and Program Revenues of the Town's business-type activities:



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Manchester uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental fund. The focus of the Town's governmental fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the only governmental fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$4.9 million, an increase of \$224,951. Approximately 86.7% of this total amount (\$4.3 million) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which represents working capital available to support governmental operating needs and future years' expenditures. Approximately 0.8% of this total amount (\$37,000) constitutes assigned fund balance, which represents fund balance amounts budgeted for subsequent years expenditures. The remainder of fund balance is committed to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed as follows: park service \$196,903, safety service \$323,736, road improvements \$71,503, historic center \$17,901, and other \$8,285.

As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Currently, this comparison indicates that the Town has sufficient fund balance to meet the financial needs of the upcoming fiscal year based on the Town's expectations.

The key elements of the \$224,951 increase to the Town's General Fund's fund balance were addressed in the discussion of the Town's governmental activities. However, the increase in net position of governmental activities differs due to the adjustments required by GASB No. 34. These adjustments are shown in detail on page 18 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The Town's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the two funds at the end of the year amounted to \$605,396. This amount consists of a \$(498,275) deficit for the Water Fund and a \$1,103,671 surplus for the Sewer Fund. The total net position was increased by \$825,500. Other factors concerning these funds' finances have been addressed in the discussion of the Town's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Town made no amendments during the year to the General Fund original budget. Revenues were higher than budgetary estimates by \$507,259 and expenditures were lower by \$225,404. A detailed analysis of the budget and actual revenues and expenditures for the General Fund can be found on page 19 of this report.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities (net of accumulated depreciation) as of June 30, 2023 amounts to \$20.2 million. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, machinery, and equipment (including vehicles) and infrastructure (including park facilities, roads, water system, and sewer system). The total decrease in the Town's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 1.0% (1.4% decrease for governmental activities and a 2.4% increase for business-type activities).

Town of Manchester's Capital Assets

	 Governmen	tal A	ctivities	 Business-Ty	/pe /	Activities	Total			
	 2023		2022	2023	2022			2023		2022
Land	\$ 768,410	\$	768,410	\$ 1,551,289	\$	1,551,289	\$	2,319,699	\$	2,319,699
Construction in Progress	4,779		4,779	810,531		28,088		815,310		32,867
Buildings and Improvements	2,157,427		2,229,517	23,786		26,075		2,181,213		2,255,592
Other Improvements	94,020		104,684	-		-		94,020		104,684
Machinery and Equipment	190,741		203,447	420,106		463,856		610,847		667,303
Furniture and Fixtures	278,491		294,974	-		-		278,491		294,974
Vehicles	218,772		48,328	73,222		83,826		291,994		132,154
Infrastructure	4,396,261		4,571,042	-		-		4,396,261		4,571,042
Water and Sewer Systems	-		-	9,191,675		9,606,853		9,191,675		9,606,853
Total	\$ 8,108,901	\$	8,225,181	\$ 12,070,609	\$	11,759,987	\$	20,179,510	\$	19,985,168

(Net of Depreciation)

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Major capital additions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 included the following:

- Street paving totaling \$266,713
- Re-skin Salt Sin totaling \$20,739
- 2023 Freightliner Dump Truck totaling \$208,944
- ADA Playground totaling \$77,829

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 6, pages 34 and 35 of this report.

Debt administration. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had total debt outstanding of \$550,000, which is recorded in the governmental activities. This balance comprised of a municipal bond. Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 on page 35 and 36 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The employment situation in the Town, with respect to no lay-offs or furloughs has been stable and is expected to continue.
- The tax rate remained unchanged for fiscal year 2024.
- Water and sewer rates remained unchanged, however water and sewer unit charges increased fiscal year 2024.
- Major capital asset additions planned for fiscal year 2024 include street paving and York Street water tower rehabilitation.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Town's budget for fiscal 2023.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Manchester's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Department of Finance, Town of Manchester, P.O. Box 830, Manchester, Maryland, 21102, or by telephone at (410) 239-3200.

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, MARYLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Total ASSETS Cash and Temporary Investments \$ 5,119,651 \$ 7,431,708 7,831,708 Restricted Cash - 7,831,708 7,831,708 7,831,708 Receivables, Net 672,525 387,494 1,060,019 Lease Receivable 119,281 674,935 794,216 Internal Balances, Net (216,253) 216,253 - Supply Inventory - 44,094 44,094 Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated 7,335,712 9,708,789 17,044,501 Total Assets Total Assets 13,804,105 21,968,094 35,772,199 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension 415,866 160,616 576,482 LIABILITIES 29,457 - 29,457 - 29,457 Unearned Revenue - 3,199,024 3,199,024 3,199,024 Compensated Absences Payable: - 107,792 47,461 155,253 Due in More Than One Year 136,000			Primary Go	nment		
ASSETS 743.001 5.862,652 Cash and Temporary Investments \$ 5,119,651 7,743,001 \$ 5,862,652 Restricted Cash - 7,831,708 7,831,708 Receivables, Net 672,525 387,494 1,060,019 Lease Receivable 119,281 674,935 794,216 Internal Balances, Net (216,253) 216,253 - Supply Inventory - 44,094 44,094 Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated 773,189 2,361,820 3,135,009 Capital Assets Total Assets 13,804,105 21,968,094 35,772,199 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension 415,866 160,616 576,482 LIABILITIES - 29,457 - 29,457 - 29,457 Unearned Revenue - 3,199,024 3,199,024 3,199,024 3,199,024 Compensated Absences Payable: - 29,457 - 29,457 - 29,457 Due within One Year 107,792 47		Go	overnmental	Βι	isiness-Type	
Cash and Temporary Investments \$ 5,119,651 \$ 743,001 \$ 5,862,652 Restricted Cash - - 7,831,708 7,831,708 Receivables, Net 672,525 387,494 1,060,019 Lease Receivable 119,281 674,935 794,216 Internal Balances, Net (216,253) 216,253 - Supply Inventory - 44,094 44,094 Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated 773,189 2,361,820 3,135,009 Capital Assets 7,335,712 9,708,789 17,044,501 Total Assets 13,804,105 21,968,094 35,772,199 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 13,804,105 21,968,094 35,772,199 Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension 415,866 160,616 576,482 LIABILITIES 7,4189 32,156 106,345 Accounts Payable 29,457 - 29,457 Unearned Revenue - 3,199,024 3,199,024 Compensated Absences Payable: 23,132 14,151 46,283			Activities		Activities	 Total
Restricted Cash - 7,831,708 7,831,708 Receivables, Net 672,525 387,494 1,060,019 Lease Receivable 119,281 674,935 794,216 Internal Balances, Net (216,253) 216,253 - Supply Inventory - 44,094 44,094 Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated 773,189 2,361,820 3,135,009 Capital Assets 7,335,712 9,708,789 17,044,501 Total Assets 13,804,105 21,968,094 35,772,199 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension 415,866 160,616 576,482 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable 92,790 457,858 550,648 Accrued Liabilities 74,189 32,156 106,345 Deposits 29,457 - 29,457 Unearned Revenue - 3,199,024 3,199,024 Compensated Absences Payable: 000 - 180,000 Due in More Than One Year 107,792 47,461 155,253						
Receivables, Net 672,525 387,494 1,060,019 Lease Receivable 119,281 674,935 794,216 Internal Balances, Net (216,253) 216,253 - Supply Inventory - 44,094 44,094 Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated 773,189 2,361,820 3,135,009 Capital Assets 9,708,789 17,044,501 35,772,199 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 9,790 457,858 550,648 Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension 415,866 160,616 576,482 LIABILITIES - 29,457 - 29,457 Accounts Payable 29,457 - 29,457 Deposits 29,457 - 29,457 Due within One Year 107,792 47,461 155,253 Due in More Than One Year 180,000 - 180,000 Due within One Year 180,000 - 370,000 Due in More Than One Year 180,000 - 370,000 Due in More Than One Year 1		\$	5,119,651	\$		\$
Lease Receivable 119,281 674,935 794,216 Internal Balances, Net (216,253) - - Supply Inventory - 44,094 44,094 Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated 773,189 2,361,820 3,135,009 Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net 7,335,712 9,708,789 17,044,501 Total Assets 13,804,105 21,968,094 35,772,199 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 415,866 160,616 576,482 LIABILITIES 415,866 160,616 576,482 Accounds Payable 92,790 457,858 550,648 Accrued Liabilities 74,189 32,156 106,345 Deposits 29,457 - 29,457 Unearned Revenue - 3,199,024 3,199,024 Compensated Absences Payable: - 32,132 14,151 46,283 Note/Bond Payable: - 32,132 14,151 46,283 Net/Bond Payable: - 370,000 - 370,000 Due i	-		-			
Internal Balances, Net (216,253) 216,253 - Supply Inventory - 44,094 44,094 Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated 773,189 2,361,820 3,135,009 Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net 7,35,712 9,708,789 17,044,501 Total Assets 13,804,105 21,968,094 35,772,199 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension 415,866 160,616 576,482 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable 92,790 457,858 550,648 Accrued Liabilities 74,189 32,156 106,345 Deposits 29,457 - 29,457 Unearned Revenue - 3,199,024 3,199,024 Compensated Absences Payable: Due within One Year 107,792 47,461 155,253 Due in More Than One Year 180,000 - 180,000 - 180,000 Due within One Year 370,000 - 370,000 - 370,000 Due in More Than One Year 1,882,363 4,135,331	Receivables, Net		672,525		387,494	
Supply Inventory 44,094 44,094 Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated 773,189 2,361,820 3,135,009 Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net Total Assets 7,335,712 9,708,789 17,044,501 Total Assets 9,708,789 17,044,501 35,772,199 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 21,968,094 35,772,199 Deferred Quitflows of Resources Related to Pension 415,866 160,616 576,482 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable 92,790 457,858 550,648 Accrued Liabilities 74,189 32,156 106,345 Deposits 29,457 - 29,457 Unearned Revenue - 3,199,024 3,199,024 Compensated Absences Payable: 0 21,322 14,151 46,283 Due within One Year 107,792 47,461 155,253 0 180,000 - 180,000 Due in More Than One Year 180,000 - 180,000 - 370,000 Due in More Than One Year 1,882,363 4,135,331 6,017,694 <td></td> <td></td> <td>119,281</td> <td></td> <td>674,935</td> <td>794,216</td>			119,281		674,935	794,216
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net Total Assets 773,189 2,361,820 3,135,009 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension 13,804,105 21,968,094 35,772,199 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension 415,866 160,616 576,482 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities 92,790 457,858 550,648 Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities 74,189 32,156 106,345 Depositis 29,457 - 29,457 Due Within One Year 107,792 47,461 155,253 Due Within One Year 32,132 14,151 46,283 Note/Bond Payable: 0000 - 370,000 - 370,000 Due within One Year 180,000 - 380,000 - 380,000 Due within One Year 382,663 4,135,331 6,017,694 - Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases 117,466 640,692 758,158 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 2	Internal Balances, Net		(216,253)		216,253	-
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net Total Assets 7,335,712 9,708,789 17,044,501 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 13,804,105 21,968,094 35,772,199 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 415,866 160,616 576,482 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable 92,790 457,858 550,648 Accrued Liabilities 74,189 32,156 106,345 Deposits 29,457 - 29,457 Unearned Revenue - 3,199,024 3,199,024 Compensated Absences Payable: 0 2,132 14,151 46,283 Note/Bond Payable: 0 32,132 14,151 46,283 Note/Bond Payable: 0 370,000 - 370,000 Due Within One Year 180,000 - 180,000 - Due Within One Year 13,82,363 4,135,331 6,017,694 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases 117,466 640,692 758,158 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Dension 113,923 43,998 157,921			-		44,094	44,094
Total Assets 13,804,105 21,968,094 35,772,199 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension 415,866 160,616 576,482 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities 92,790 457,858 550,648 Deposits 92,457 - 29,457 Unearned Revenue - 3,199,024 3,199,024 Compensated Absences Payable: - 3,2,132 14,151 46,283 Note/Bond Payable: - 370,000 - 180,000 Due within One Year 107,792 47,461 155,253 Due in More Than One Year 370,000 - 370,000 Due Within One Year 180,000 - 180,000 Due in More Than One Year 370,000 - 370,000 Net Pension Liability 996,003 384,681 1,380,684 Total Liabilities 113,923 43,998 157,921 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases 117,466 640,692 758,158 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension	Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		773,189		2,361,820	3,135,009
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension 415,866 160,616 576,482 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable 92,790 457,858 550,648 Accrued Liabilities 74,189 32,156 106,345 Deposits 29,457 29,457 29,457 Unearned Revenue - 3,199,024 3,199,024 Compensated Absences Payable: 0 107,792 47,461 155,253 Due Within One Year 107,792 47,461 155,253 Due Within One Year 32,132 14,151 46,283 Note/Bond Payable: 0 100,000 180,000 180,000 Due Within One Year 370,000 370,000 370,000 384,681 1,380,084 Total Liability 996,003 384,681 1,380,684 13,80,084 Total Liabilities 113,923 43,998 157,921 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases 117,466 640,692 758,158 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension 113,923 43,	Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		7,335,712		9,708,789	17,044,501
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension 415,866 160,616 576,482 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable 92,790 457,858 550,648 Accounts Payable 92,156 106,345 106,345 Deposits 29,457 - 29,457 Unearned Revenue - 3,199,024 3,199,024 Compensated Absences Payable: - 32,132 14,151 46,283 Due Within One Year 107,792 47,461 155,253 106,000 - 180,000 Due Within One Year 32,132 14,151 46,283 Note/Bond Payable: - 370,000 - 370,000 - 370,000 - 370,000 - 370,000 - 370,000 - 370,000 - 370,000 - 370,000 - 370,000 - 370,000 - 370,000 - 1,380,684 1,380,684 1,382,363 4,135,331 6,017,694 0,617,694 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases	Total Assets		13,804,105		21,968,094	 35,772,199
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable 92,790 457,858 550,648 Accrued Liabilities 74,189 32,156 106,345 Deposits 29,457 - 29,457 Unearned Revenue - 3,199,024 3,199,024 Compensated Absences Payable: - 3,199,024 3,199,024 Due Within One Year 107,792 47,461 155,253 Due within One Year 32,132 14,151 46,283 Note/Bond Payable: - 370,000 - 180,000 Due within One Year 180,000 - 180,000 - 370,000 Net/Poind Liability 996,003 384,681 1,380,684 1,380,684 Total Liabilities 1,882,363 4,135,331 6,017,694 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - 231,389 684,690 916,079 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases 117,466 640,692 758,158 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension 113,923 43,998 157,921 <td< td=""><td>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Accounts Payable 92,790 457,858 550,648 Accrued Liabilities 74,189 32,156 106,345 Deposits 29,457 - 29,457 Unearned Revenue - 3,199,024 3,199,024 Compensated Absences Payable: - 3,199,024 3,199,024 Due Within One Year 107,792 47,461 155,253 Due in More Than One Year 32,132 14,151 46,283 Note/Bond Payable: - 180,000 - 180,000 Due Within One Year 180,000 - 370,000 Due in More Than One Year 370,000 - 370,000 Due in More Than One Year 370,000 - 370,000 Net Pension Liability 996,003 384,681 1,380,684 Total Liabilities 1,882,363 4,135,331 6,017,694 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases 117,466 640,692 758,158 Deferred Inflows of Resources 231,389 684,690 916,079 Net Investment in Capital Assets 7,558,901	Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension		415,866		160,616	576,482
Accrued Liabilities 74,189 32,156 106,345 Deposits 29,457 - 29,457 Unearned Revenue - 3,199,024 3,199,024 Compensated Absences Payable: - 3,199,024 3,199,024 Due Within One Year 107,792 47,461 155,253 Due Within One Year 32,132 14,151 46,283 Note/Bond Payable: - 180,000 - 180,000 Due Within One Year 180,000 - 180,000 - 180,000 Due Within One Year 370,000 - 370,000 - 370,000 Net Pension Liability 996,003 384,681 1,380,684 1,380,684 Total Liabilities 1,882,363 4,135,331 6,017,694 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 113,923 43,998 157,921 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases 117,466 640,692 758,158 Deferred Inflows of Resources 231,389 684,690 916,079 NET POSITION - 4,632,684 4,632,684 4,632,684 Unrestricted	LIABILITIES					
Deposits 29,457 - 29,457 Unearned Revenue - 3,199,024 3,199,024 Compensated Absences Payable: Due Within One Year 107,792 47,461 155,253 Due within One Year 32,132 14,151 46,283 Note/Bond Payable: 0 - 180,000 - 180,000 Due within One Year 370,000 - 370,000 - 370,000 Due in More Than One Year 370,000 - 370,000 - 370,000 Net Pension Liability 996,003 384,681 1,380,684 1,380,684 Total Liabilities 1,882,363 4,135,331 6,017,694 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases 117,466 640,692 758,158 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension 113,923 43,998 157,921 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 231,389 684,690 916,079 NET POSITION - 4,632,684 4,632,684 4,632,684 <t< td=""><td>Accounts Payable</td><td></td><td>92,790</td><td></td><td>457,858</td><td>550,648</td></t<>	Accounts Payable		92,790		457,858	550,648
Unearned Revenue - 3,199,024 3,199,024 Compensated Absences Payable: Due Within One Year 107,792 47,461 155,253 Due in More Than One Year 32,132 14,151 46,283 Note/Bond Payable: 0 - 180,000 - 180,000 Due Within One Year 180,000 - 180,000 - 370,000 Due in More Than One Year 370,000 - 370,000 - 370,000 Net Pension Liability 996,003 384,681 1,380,684 1,380,684 Total Liabilities 1,882,363 4,135,331 6,017,694 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases 117,466 640,692 758,158 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases 113,923 43,998 157,921 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 231,389 684,690 916,079 NET POSITION - 4,632,684 4,632,684 4,632,684 Unrestricted - 4,547,318 605,396 5,152,714	Accrued Liabilities		74,189		32,156	106,345
Compensated Absences Payable: 107,792 47,461 155,253 Due Within One Year 32,132 14,151 46,283 Note/Bond Payable: 180,000 - 180,000 Due Within One Year 180,000 - 180,000 Due Within One Year 180,000 - 180,000 Due in More Than One Year 370,000 - 370,000 Net Pension Liability 996,003 384,681 1,380,684 Total Liabilities 1,882,363 4,135,331 6,017,694 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 117,466 640,692 758,158 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases 113,923 43,998 157,921 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 231,389 684,690 916,079 NET POSITION - 4,632,684 4,632,684 4,632,684 Unrestricted - 4,632,684 4,632,684 4,632,684	Deposits		29,457		-	29,457
Due Within One Year 107,792 47,461 155,253 Due in More Than One Year 32,132 14,151 46,283 Note/Bond Payable: 180,000 - 180,000 Due Within One Year 180,000 - 180,000 Due Within One Year 370,000 - 370,000 Net Pension Liability 996,003 384,681 1,380,684 Total Liabilities 1,882,363 4,135,331 6,017,694 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 113,923 43,998 157,921 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases 113,923 43,998 157,921 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 231,389 684,690 916,079 NET POSITION - 4,632,684 4,632,684 4,632,684 Unrestricted - 4,632,684 4,632,684 4,632,684	Unearned Revenue		-		3,199,024	3,199,024
Due in More Than One Year 32,132 14,151 46,283 Note/Bond Payable: Due Within One Year 180,000 - 180,000 Due in More Than One Year 370,000 - 370,000 - 370,000 Net Pension Liability 996,003 384,681 1,380,684 1,380,684 Total Liabilities 1,882,363 4,135,331 6,017,694 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 117,466 640,692 758,158 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases 113,923 43,998 157,921 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 231,389 684,690 916,079 NET POSITION - 4,632,684 4,632,684 4,632,684 Unrestricted for Capital Assets 7,558,901 12,070,609 19,629,510 - 4,632,684 4,632,684 4,632,684 4,632,684	Compensated Absences Payable:					
Note/Bond Payable: 180,000 180,000 Due Within One Year 370,000 370,000 Due in More Than One Year 370,000 370,000 Net Pension Liability 996,003 384,681 1,380,684 Total Liabilities 1,882,363 4,135,331 6,017,694 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases 117,466 640,692 758,158 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension 113,923 43,998 157,921 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 231,389 684,690 916,079 NET POSITION * * 4,632,684 4,632,684 Unrestricted for Capital Projects - 4,632,684 4,632,684 Unrestricted 4,547,318 605,396 5,152,714	Due Within One Year		107,792		47,461	155,253
Due Within One Year 180,000 - 180,000 Due in More Than One Year 370,000 - 370,000 Net Pension Liability 996,003 384,681 1,380,684 Total Liabilities 1,882,363 4,135,331 6,017,694 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases 117,466 640,692 758,158 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension 113,923 43,998 157,921 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 231,389 684,690 916,079 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 7,558,901 12,070,609 19,629,510 Restricted for Capital Projects - 4,632,684 4,632,684 4,632,684 Unrestricted 4,547,318 605,396 5,152,714	Due in More Than One Year		32,132		14,151	46,283
Due in More Than One Year 370,000 - 370,000 Net Pension Liability 996,003 384,681 1,380,684 Total Liabilities 1,882,363 4,135,331 6,017,694 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases 117,466 640,692 758,158 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension 113,923 43,998 157,921 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 231,389 684,690 916,079 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 7,558,901 12,070,609 19,629,510 Restricted for Capital Projects - 4,632,684 4,632,684 Unrestricted 4,547,318 605,396 5,152,714	Note/Bond Payable:					
Net Pension Liability Total Liabilities 996,003 384,681 1,380,684 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,882,363 4,135,331 6,017,694 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 117,466 640,692 758,158 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 113,923 43,998 157,921 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Capital Projects 7,558,901 12,070,609 19,629,510 - 4,632,684 4,632,684 4,632,684 4,632,684	Due Within One Year		180,000		-	180,000
Total Liabilities 1,882,363 4,135,331 6,017,694 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases 117,466 640,692 758,158 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension 113,923 43,998 157,921 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 231,389 684,690 916,079 NET POSITION 7,558,901 12,070,609 19,629,510 Restricted for Capital Projects - 4,632,684 4,632,684 Unrestricted 4,547,318 605,396 5,152,714	Due in More Than One Year		370,000		-	370,000
Total Liabilities 1,882,363 4,135,331 6,017,694 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases 117,466 640,692 758,158 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension 113,923 43,998 157,921 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 231,389 684,690 916,079 NET POSITION 7,558,901 12,070,609 19,629,510 Restricted for Capital Projects - 4,632,684 4,632,684 Unrestricted 4,547,318 605,396 5,152,714	Net Pension Liability		996,003		384,681	1,380,684
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases 117,466 640,692 758,158 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension 113,923 43,998 157,921 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 231,389 684,690 916,079 NET POSITION Restricted for Capital Assets 7,558,901 12,070,609 19,629,510 Restricted for Capital Projects - 4,632,684 4,632,684 Unrestricted 4,547,318 605,396 5,152,714					4,135,331	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 113,923 43,998 157,921 NET POSITION 231,389 684,690 916,079 Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Capital Projects 7,558,901 12,070,609 19,629,510 - 4,632,684 4,632,684 4,632,684 4,632,684	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 231,389 684,690 916,079 NET POSITION 7,558,901 12,070,609 19,629,510 Restricted for Capital Projects - 4,632,684 4,632,684 Unrestricted 4,547,318 605,396 5,152,714	Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases		117,466		640,692	758,158
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 7,558,901 12,070,609 19,629,510 Restricted for Capital Projects - 4,632,684 4,632,684 Unrestricted 4,547,318 605,396 5,152,714	Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension		113,923		43,998	157,921
Net Investment in Capital Assets 7,558,901 12,070,609 19,629,510 Restricted for Capital Projects - 4,632,684 4,632,684 Unrestricted 4,547,318 605,396 5,152,714	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		231,389		684,690	 916,079
Net Investment in Capital Assets 7,558,901 12,070,609 19,629,510 Restricted for Capital Projects - 4,632,684 4,632,684 Unrestricted 4,547,318 605,396 5,152,714	NET POSITION					
Restricted for Capital Projects - 4,632,684 4,632,684 Unrestricted 4,547,318 605,396 5,152,714			7,558,901		12,070,609	19,629,510
Unrestricted <u>4,547,318</u> 605,396 5,152,714	Restricted for Capital Projects		-			
Total Net Position\$ 12,106,219\$ 17,308,689\$ 29,414,908			4,547,318			
	Total Net Position	\$	12,106,219	\$	17,308,689	\$ 29,414,908

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, MARYLAND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

											Revenue and		
					am Revenues			in Net Positions Primary Government					
		~			perating		Capital	~		_	· -		
	-		narges for		rants and	Grants and		Governmental		Business-Type			-
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities		Activities		Total
Governmental Activities:	¢ 4.000.000	•	404 740	^	500.004	^		•		•		^	
General Government	\$ 1,223,389	\$	101,743	\$	506,231	\$	-	\$	(615,415)	\$	-	\$	(615,415)
Public Safety	671,687		745		51,233		-		(619,709)		-		(619,709)
Public Works	814,351		314,922		3,828		-		(495,601)		-		(495,601)
Recreation	249,438		16,940		-		-		(232,498)		-		(232,498)
Total Governmental Activities	2,958,865		434,350		561,292		-		(1,963,223)		-		(1,963,223)
Business-Type Activities:													
Water	811,752		727,103		-		801,854		-		717,205		717,205
Sewer	864,643		822,886		-		-		-		(41,757)		(41,757)
Total Business-Type Activities	1,676,395		1,549,989		-		801,854		-		675,448		675,448
Total Governmental/Business-													
Type Activities	\$ 4,635,260	\$	1,984,339	\$	561,292	\$	801,854		(1,963,223)		675,448		(1,287,775)
	GENERAL REVE	NIIES											
	Taxes:	NULS											
	Property Taxe	es							1,216,215		-		1,216,215
	Income Taxes	5							933,415		-		933,415
	Other Local T	axes							10,984		-		10,984
	Investment Inco	ome							59,139		150,052		209,191
	Other Revenue								33,094		-		33,094
	Total Gene		/enues						2,252,847		150,052		2,402,899
	CHANGE IN NET	CHANGE IN NET POSITION									825,500		1,115,124
	Net Position - Beg	ginning	of Year						11,816,595		16,483,189		28,299,784
	NET POSITION -	END (OF YEAR					\$	12,106,219	\$	17,308,689	\$	29,414,908

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, MARYLAND BALANCE SHEET — GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	 General
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,119,651
Receivables, Net	672,525
Lease Receivable	119,281
Due from Other Funds	 398,831
Total Assets	\$ 6,310,288
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	\$ 92,790
Due to Other Funds	615,084
Accrued Liabilities	74,189
Deposits	29,457
Total Liabilities	 811,520
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	
Lease Revenue	117,466
Unavailable Revenue	457,198
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 574,664
FUND BALANCE	
Committed to:	
Park Service	196,903
Safety Service	323,736
Road Improvements	71,503
Historic Center	17,901
Other	8,285
Assigned - Subsequent Year Expenditures	37,000
Unassigned	4,268,776
Total Fund Balance	 4,924,104
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 6,310,288

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, MARYLAND RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET — GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 4,924,104
Adjustments to Reconcile to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	8,108,901
Other long-term assets are not available to pay current-period expenditures and therefore are offset by unavailable revenue in the governmental funds.	457,198
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.	
Compensated Absences Bond Payable	(139,924) (550,000)
Net pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(996,003)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension	415,866
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension Expense	 (113,923)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 12,106,219

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, MARYLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES — GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General
REVENUES	
Local Property Taxes	\$ 1,216,215
Local Income Taxes	960,574
State Shared Taxes	326,569
Licenses and Permits	10,025
Intergovernmental	561,292
Interest	59,139
Rents and Concessions	108,740
Miscellaneous	33,094
Total Revenues	3,275,648
EXPENDITURES	
General Government	833,551
Public Safety	649,333
Public Works	1,151,286
Recreation	227,964
Debt Service:	,
Principal	175,000
Interest	13,563
Total Expenditures	 3,050,697
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	224,951
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 4,699,153
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 4,924,104

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, MARYLAND RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES — GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 224,951
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of capital assets are allocated over their useful lives and reported as a depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay\$ 613,42Depreciation Expense(729,70)	(116,280)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds.	
Change in Unavailable Local Income Tax Revenue	(27,159)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Change in Compensated Absences	79,047
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources of governmental funds.	
Principal Payments of Bonds	175,000
Governmental funds report Town pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employer contributions is reported as pension expense.	(45,935)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 289,624

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, MARYLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES — BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES						
Local Property Taxes	\$	1,211,542	\$ 1,211,542	\$ 1,216,215	\$	4,673
Local Income Taxes		775,000	775,000	960,574		185,574
State Shared Taxes		284,870	284,870	326,569		41,699
Licenses and Permits		7,750	7,750	10,025		2,275
Intergovernmental		50,727	50,727	257,153		206,426
Town/County Agreement		304,139	304,139	304,139		-
Service Charges		12,500	12,500	-		(12,500)
Interest		22,000	22,000	59,139		37,139
Rents and Concessions		96,046	96,046	106,925		10,879
Miscellaneous		2,000	 2,000	 33,094		31,094
Total Revenues		2,766,574	 2,766,574	 3,273,833		507,259
EXPENDITURES						
General Government		473,003	481,003	430,597		50,406
Public Safety		616,022	641,386	649,333		(7,947)
Public Works		1,045,431	1,211,631	1,151,286		60,345
Recreation		213,692	241,692	227,964		13,728
Miscellaneous		511,826	511,826	402,954		108,872
Total Expenditures		2,859,974	 3,087,538	 2,862,134		225,404
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		(93,400)	(320,964)	411,699		732,663
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		(400.004)	(400.004)	(400 500)		704
Principal, Interest, and Issuance Cost Transfer from Other Sources		(189,294)	(189,294)	(188,563)		731
-		203,294	203,294	-		(203,294)
Use of Prior Year Fund Balance		79,400	 306,964	 -		(306,964)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$ 	223,136	\$	223,136
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				 4,699,153		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR				\$ 4,922,289		
Net effect of leases				1,815		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR - GAA	P B/	ASIS		\$ 4,924,104		

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, MARYLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fun					se Funds
		Water		Sewer		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	108,512	\$	634,489	\$	743,001
Restricted Cash		3,665,207		4,166,501		7,831,708
Receivables, Net		159,688		227,806		387,494
Lease Receivable		674,935		-		674,935
Due from Other Funds		120,809		615,084		735,893
Supply Inventory		44,094		, _		44,094
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		5,601,338		6,469,271		12,070,609
Total Assets		10,374,583		12,113,151		22,487,734
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension		85,808		74,808		160,616
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	10,460,391	\$	12,187,959	\$	22,648,350
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	374,864	\$	82,994	\$	457,858
Due to Other Funds		398,831		120,809		519,640
Accrued Expenses		16,759		15,397		32,156
Unearned Revenue		1,198,585		2,000,439		3,199,024
Compensated Absences:						
Due Within One Year		24,623		22,838		47,461
Due in More Than One Year		7,335		6,816		14,151
Net Pension Liability		205,512		179,169		384,681
Total Liabilities		2,226,509		2,428,462		4,654,971
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension		23,505		20,493		43,998
Lease Revenue		640,692		-		640,692
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		664,197		20,493		684,690
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		5,601,338		6,469,271		12,070,609
Restricted for Capital Projects		2,466,622		0,469,271 2,166,062		4,632,684
Unrestricted		(498,275)		1,103,671		4,032,084 605,396
Total Net Position		7,569,685		9,739,004		17,308,689
		1,309,003		3,133,004		17,300,009
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,						
and Net Position	\$	10,460,391	\$	12,187,959	\$	22,648,350

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, MARYLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Water Sewer				Total	
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for Services	\$	335,885	\$	503,599	\$	839,484
Unit Charges		259,914		304,232		564,146
Miscellaneous		131,304		15,055		146,359
Total Operating Revenues		727,103		822,886		1,549,989
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries and Fringe Benefits		364,263		324,642		688,905
Operating Expenses		216,516		231,739		448,255
Depreciation Expense		230,858		308,262		539,120
Total Operating Expenses		811,637		864,643		1,676,280
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(84,534)		(41,757)		(126,291)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Grant Revenue		801,854		-		801,854
Interest Income		77,399		72,653		150,052
Interest Expense		(115)		-		(115)
Total Nonoperating Revenues		879,138		72,653		951,791
INCOME		794,604		30,896		825,500
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		794,604		30,896		825,500
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year		6,775,081		9,708,108		16,483,189
TOTAL NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	7,569,685	\$	9,739,004	\$	17,308,689

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, MARYLAND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Business-Ty	be A	ctivities - Ente	rpris	e Funds
	Water		Sewer		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Customers Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Paid to Employees for Services	\$ 688,560 157,058 (402,648)	\$	789,071 (195,189) (358,228)	\$	1,477,631 (38,131) (760,876)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	442,970		235,654		678,624
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest Income	77,399		72,653		150,052
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Grant Revenue	-		2,000,439		2,000,439
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(841,547)		(8,195)		(849,742)
Principal Paid on Bond and Notes Maturities Interest Paid	(22,933)		-		(22,933)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and	 (115)				(115)
Related Financing Activities	(864,595)		1,992,244		1,127,649
-	 		1,002,211		1,121,010
CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(344,226)		2,300,551		1,956,325
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	 4,117,945		2,500,439		6,618,384
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,773,719	\$	4,800,990	\$	8,574,709
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)	\$ <u>3,773,719</u> (84,534)	\$	4,800,990	\$ \$	8,574,709
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation Effects of Changes in Operating Assets, Deferred					
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation Effects of Changes in Operating Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Receivable Lease Receivable Inventory Interfund Receivables	 (84,534) 230,858 (3,456) (674,935) 19,218 (844)		(41,757) 308,262 (32,473) - - (1,342)		(126,291) 539,120 (35,929) (674,935) 19,218 (2,186)
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation Effects of Changes in Operating Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Receivable Lease Receivable Inventory Interfund Receivables Accounts Payable	 (84,534) 230,858 (3,456) (674,935) 19,218 (844) 355,262		(41,757) 308,262 (32,473) - (1,342) 35,706		(126,291) 539,120 (35,929) (674,935) 19,218 (2,186) 390,968
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation Effects of Changes in Operating Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Receivable Lease Receivable Inventory Interfund Receivables Accounts Payable Interfund Payables	 (84,534) 230,858 (3,456) (674,935) 19,218 (844) 355,262 (906)		(41,757) 308,262 (32,473) - (1,342) 35,706 844		(126,291) 539,120 (35,929) (674,935) 19,218 (2,186) 390,968 (62)
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation Effects of Changes in Operating Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Receivable Lease Receivable Inventory Interfund Receivables Accounts Payable Interfund Payables Accrued Expenses	 (84,534) 230,858 (3,456) (674,935) 19,218 (844) 355,262 (906) 50		(41,757) 308,262 (32,473) - (1,342) 35,706 844 1,481		(126,291) 539,120 (35,929) (674,935) 19,218 (2,186) 390,968 (62) 1,531
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation Effects of Changes in Operating Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Receivable Lease Receivable Inventory Interfund Receivables Accounts Payable Interfund Payables Accrued Expenses Deferred Outflows Related to Pension Amounts	 (84,534) 230,858 (3,456) (674,935) 19,218 (844) 355,262 (906) 50 31,750		(41,757) 308,262 (32,473) - (1,342) 35,706 844 1,481 26,719		(126,291) 539,120 (35,929) (674,935) 19,218 (2,186) 390,968 (62) 1,531 58,469
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation Effects of Changes in Operating Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Receivable Lease Receivable Inventory Interfund Receivables Accounts Payables Accrued Expenses Deferred Outflows Related to Pension Amounts Deferred Inflows Related to Pension Amounts	 (84,534) 230,858 (3,456) (674,935) 19,218 (844) 355,262 (906) 50 31,750 (84,494)		(41,757) 308,262 (32,473) - (1,342) 35,706 844 1,481		(126,291) 539,120 (35,929) (674,935) 19,218 (2,186) 390,968 (62) 1,531 58,469 (157,274)
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation Effects of Changes in Operating Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Receivable Lease Receivable Inventory Interfund Receivables Accounts Payable Interfund Payables Accrued Expenses Deferred Outflows Related to Pension Amounts Deferred Inflows Related to Pension Amounts Deferred Inflows Related to Leases	 (84,534) 230,858 (3,456) (674,935) 19,218 (844) 355,262 (906) 50 31,750 (84,494) 640,692		(41,757) 308,262 (32,473) - (1,342) 35,706 844 1,481 26,719 (72,780)		(126,291) 539,120 (35,929) (674,935) 19,218 (2,186) 390,968 (62) 1,531 58,469 (157,274) 640,692
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation Effects of Changes in Operating Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Receivable Lease Receivable Inventory Interfund Receivables Accounts Payable Interfund Payables Accrued Expenses Deferred Outflows Related to Pension Amounts Deferred Inflows Related to Pension Amounts Deferred Inflows Related to Leases Net Pension Liability	 (84,534) 230,858 (3,456) (674,935) 19,218 (844) 355,262 (906) 50 31,750 (84,494) 640,692 24,952		(41,757) 308,262 (32,473) - (1,342) 35,706 844 1,481 26,719 (72,780) - 23,229		(126,291) 539,120 (35,929) (674,935) 19,218 (2,186) 390,968 (62) 1,531 58,469 (157,274) 640,692 48,181
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation Effects of Changes in Operating Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Receivable Lease Receivable Inventory Interfund Receivables Accounts Payable Interfund Payables Accrued Expenses Deferred Outflows Related to Pension Amounts Deferred Inflows Related to Pension Amounts Deferred Inflows Related to Leases	 (84,534) 230,858 (3,456) (674,935) 19,218 (844) 355,262 (906) 50 31,750 (84,494) 640,692		(41,757) 308,262 (32,473) - (1,342) 35,706 844 1,481 26,719 (72,780)		(126,291) 539,120 (35,929) (674,935) 19,218 (2,186) 390,968 (62) 1,531 58,469 (157,274) 640,692

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Manchester, Maryland (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting principles are described below. These policies should be recognized by the reader as integral to the preparation and use of the accompanying general purpose financial statements.

Reporting Entity

The Town was incorporated in March of 1834 under the provisions of the State of Maryland Public Local Law, Article 17, Section 631, Chapter 532 as amended by Section 1, 1949, Chapter 583. The Town operates under a Mayor-Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: general government, public works, public safety, recreation, and water and sewer.

For financial reporting purposes, in conformance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the reporting entity includes the Mayor and Town Council of Manchester, which represents the primary government.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. Eliminations have been made to remove the effect of interfund activity from these statements. Governmental activities, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental activities, are reported separately from business-type activities that are supported by customer service charges.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each of the business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those specifically associated with a program or function. Program revenues include charges to customers and grants and contributions restricted to the capital or operational requirements of particular programs. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, such as taxes, are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are shown for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year of levy.

Grants are recognized as revenue when all eligibility requirements are met.

Governmental fund statements are presented using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collected within 60 days of yearend. Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred as under accrual accounting. Expenditures for compensated absences are recorded when the payments are due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, taxes collected by the state and county on behalf of the Town, franchise taxes, special assessments, revenue from other agencies, interest revenue, and charges for services. Fines and forfeitures, licenses, permits, penalties and interest (on property taxes), and other revenues become measurable and available when cash is received by the Town and are recognized as revenue at that time.

The Town has one major governmental fund: the general fund. The general fund is used to account for all activities of the government not accounted for in some other fund. It accounts for the normal recurring activities of the Town such as police, public works, parks and recreation, general government, etc. These activities are financed primarily by property taxes, other taxes, service charges, and grants from other governmental units.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items.

Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations such as charges to customers for sales and services and expenses such as salaries, product costs, administrative expenses, and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The Town has two major proprietary funds. The Water Fund operates the water treatment plants and distribution system. The Sewer Fund operates the sewage treatment plant, pumping stations, and collection system.

The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements except for charges between the water and sewer funds and the general fund for direct services. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various services. Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers for goods and services, operating grants and contributions and capital grants. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. General revenues include all taxes.

Use of Estimates in Preparing Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Equity in Pooled Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months at the time of purchase. Cash deposits of the Town are made in accordance with the Annotated Code of Maryland (the Code), which requires depositories to give security in the form of collateral as provided for in the Code, for the safekeeping and forthcoming, when required, of these deposits.

Excess funds are also permitted to be invested either in bonds or other obligations for the payment of principal and interest of which the full faith and credit of the United States of America are pledged, or in obligations of federal government agencies issued pursuant to acts of Congress, or in the local government investment pool created by the state of Maryland.

Cash resources of each of the individual funds, except cash required to be segregated by law or policy, are combined to form a pool of cash and investments to maximize interest earnings. Income from pooled investments are allocated to funds on the basis of their equity in pooled cash.

The investments in the Maryland Local Government Pool are valued on an amortized cost basis.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Receivables

Property taxes are reported at their estimated collectible value. The following summarizes the property tax calendar:

	<u>Real</u>	Personal and Corporate
Assessment Roll Validated:	December 31	January 1
Tax Rate Ordinance Approved:	June 30	June 30
Beginning of Fiscal Year for Which Taxes Have Been Levied:	July 1	July 1
Tax Bills Rendered and Due:	July 1	On State Notification
Owner-Occupied Residential:	July 1 and Jan 1	On State Notification
Property Taxes Receivable: Delinguent	Oct. 1, Feb. 1	After 30 days
Terms	60 days	30 days
Delinquent Interest Rate	18%	18%

Information presented is for "full year" levy. "Half year" levy dates are each six months later, and relate to new construction in the first six months of the calendar year. A lien is attached to the property on the billing date, becomes delinquent October 1, and is sold at tax sale by the end of 18 months.

Allowances for uncollectible accounts, if any, are maintained on all types of receivables that historically experience bad debt. Receivables are shown net of such an allowance for uncollectibles for all funds. Real property taxes are generally fully collectible. Receivables shown in the water and sewer funds represents amounts due from customers for charges for service.

Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market on the FIFO basis and consists of general supplies and equipment and supplies used in the operation of the municipal water system.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure such as roads, storm drains, and pipe systems are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The Town defines capital assets as assets, which individually cost more than \$2,500 and have an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Land is not depreciated as it is assumed to have an indefinite useful life. Construction in progress is not depreciated until the asset is placed into service. In the enterprise funds, fixed assets are recorded at cost.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or extend asset lives are not capitalized.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Expenditures for major assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest on debt during the construction period is capitalized. The amount of interest to be capitalized is offset by interest income earned on invested unused debt proceeds over the same period. Exhaustible capital assets of the governmental and business-type activities and proprietary funds are depreciated, which is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported in the statement of net position. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method.

Estimated useful lives are generally as follows:

Water and Sewer Systems	40 to 50 Years
Vehicles	5 to 10 Years
Machinery and Equipment	3 to 15 Years
Buildings and Improvements	15 to 40 Years
Infrastructure	20 to 50 Years
Other Improvements	7 to 20 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	5 to 10 Years

Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until the future period. The Town recognizes deferred outflows related to pensions.

Long-Term Obligations

In the governmental activities, business-type activities and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable statements of net position.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are earned by employees of the Town based upon time in service. The rights to such benefits are vested immediately. A maximum of 35 days of accumulated vacation leave may be carried forward into the next year. Employees accumulate comp-time for overtime hours worked at 1.5 hours per each hour of overtime. A maximum of 120 hours of accumulated comp-time may be carried forward into the next year. Upon termination of employment, the Town pays the employee for accumulated vacation leave up to 240 hours and accumulated comp-time up to 80 hours. The Town records vacation leave and comp-time benefits as earned. The vested benefits as of year-end are included as "compensated absences" on the statement of net position.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until the future period. The Town recognizes deferred inflows related to pensions and leases. The Town's general fund has unavailable revenue related to receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period such as income taxes not collected within 60 days after fiscal year-end. The statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet also report a deferred inflow of resources related to leases. The lease related deferred inflow of resources is recorded in an amount equal to the corresponding lease receivable plus any payments received at or before the start of the lease term that relates to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The inflow of resources is recognized in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (System) and additions to/deductions from the System's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the System. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Interfund Balances

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Net Position/Fund Balance

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. The proprietary funds use a balance sheet approach, but utilize the same net position categorization as the government-wide statements. Net Position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets This category groups all capital assets including infrastructure into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt and liabilities that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.
- **Restricted net position** This category presents net position with external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws and regulations of other governments.
- **Unrestricted net position** This category presents the net position of the Town, not restricted for any purpose.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report classifications of fund balance in a hierarchy based primarily on the extent of constraints on the related funding sources. As of June 30, 2023, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Nonspendable

Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g., inventory). There were no nonspendable fund balances at June 30, 2023.

Restricted

Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments. There were no restricted fund balances at June 30, 2023.

Committed

Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Town Council. The Town Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Town. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances approved by the Town Council.

Assigned

Amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Town's adopted policy, assignment of funds can be recommended by the Director of Finance but all assignments must be approved by the Town Council.

<u>Unassigned</u>

All other spendable amounts.

When an expense/expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted funds are available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned funds are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless Town Council or the Director of Finance has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 1, the Mayor submits to the Town Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted after two weeks' notice is given in a local newspaper.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4. Any transfer of funds between major appropriations for different purposes must be approved by the Council by a three-fifths (3/5) vote before becoming effective.

The Town's budget for the Water and Sewer funds is not legally adopted, and is for management's use only.

- 5. The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) except for the following two items if applicable:
 - a. Capital contributions are not budgeted and are not included in the non-GAAP budgetary statements.
 - b. The use of prior year fund balance is budgeted for and is included in the non-GAAP budgetary statements.

Budgetary comparisons presented for the General Fund are on this non-GAAP basis.

6. Appropriations which are not expended lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Budgeted amounts are adopted on a non-GAAP basis and are shown as originally adopted by the Town Council for the General Fund. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. The General Fund did not exceed their appropriated expenditure budget at the fund level for the year ended June 30, 2023. For non-GAAP budgetary basis presentation debt service payments in the amount of \$188,563 are shown as other financing uses, however for GAAP purposes these payments are shown as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Reconciliation of cash and temporary investments as shown on the statement of net position is as follows:

Carrying Amount of Deposits	\$ 9,562,248
Carrying Amounts of Temporary Investments	4,132,112
Total Cash and Temporary Investments	
per Statement of Net Position	<u>\$ 13,694,360</u>

Deposits

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits (including cash on hand of \$250) was \$9,562,248 and the bank balance was \$9,615,161. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town follows the state mandated deposit policy for custodial credit risk requiring all deposits to be collateralized for amounts in excess of FDIC limits. At year-end, the Town was in compliance with the State's deposit policy, and all deposits in excess of FDIC limits were covered by collateral held by the Bank's trust department in the name of the Town.

Investments

At June 30, 2023, the Town's investments totaling \$4,132,112 were entirely in the Statecreated Maryland Local Government Investment Pool (MLGIP). The State Legislature created MLGIP under the Annotated Code of Maryland. The MLGIP, under the administrative control of the state treasurer, is managed by a single Baltimore-based financial institution, PNC. The pool is a 2a7 like pool, which is not registered with the Security and Exchange Commission (SEC) but generally operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (Rule 2a7). Unit value is computed using the amortized cost method and maintains a \$1 per share value.

Investment Rate Risk

Fair value fluctuates with interest, and increasing interest rates could cause fair value to decline below original cost. To limit the Town's exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates, the Town's investment policy limits the term of investment maturities between 30 days to one year in order to remain sufficiently liquid to enable the Town to meet all operating requirements which might be reasonably anticipated. Town management believes the liquidity in the portfolio is adequate to meet cash flow requirements and to preclude the Town from having to sell investments below original cost for that purpose.

The investments at June 30, 2023, met the Town's investment policy as of that date. Investment income for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$209,191, comprised entirely of interest and dividends on investments and cash deposits.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk

The investment policy of the Town permits investments in the following types of investments as authorized by the state of Maryland: direct U.S. obligations, U.S. agency obligations, repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, municipal securities, commercial paper, money market mutual funds, and the MLGIP. The MLGIP is established under the Annotated Code of Maryland and is under the administration of the state treasurer. It is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's, their highest rating for money market mutual funds. The MLGIP seeks to maintain a constant value of \$1.00 per unit. Unit value is computed using the amortized cost method. In addition, the net asset value of the pool, marked to market, is calculated and maintained on a weekly basis to ensure a \$1.00 per unit constant value.

Custodial Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover all or a portion of the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The investments of the Town were not exposed to custodial risk at June 30, 2023.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Town's investment policy does not allow for investments denominated in foreign currencies and the Town was in compliance with this policy during the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 3 RECEIVABLES

Property Taxes Receivable

Property taxes are reported at their estimated collectible value. The Town's real property tax rate was \$0.216 per \$100 of assessed value. The Town's tax rate for personal and corporate property was \$0.46 per \$100 of assessed value. As of June 30, 2023, property taxes receivable amounted to \$937.

Summary of Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's major funds in the aggregate, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

			 Bus				
						Total	
	Go۱	/ernmental			Bus	iness-Type	
	A	Activities	 Water	 Sewer	/	Activities	 Total
Receivables							
Taxes	\$	127,511	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 127,511
Accounts		-	159,688	227,806		387,494	387,494
Due from Other Governments		545,014	 -	 -		-	 545,014
Net Receivables	\$	672,525	\$ 159,688	\$ 227,806	\$	387,494	\$ 1,060,019

NOTE 4 UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in relation to receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period such as income taxes not collected within 60 days after fiscal year-end. Unavailable revenue for the general fund at June 30, 2023 consisted solely of revenue deemed unavailable in the amount of \$457,198, which is reported on as deferred inflow of resources.

NOTE 5 INTERFUND BALANCES

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	D	ue From		Due To	
	Ot	her Funds	Other Funds		
General Fund	\$	398,831	\$	615,084	
Water Fund		120,809		398,831	
Sewer Fund		615,084		120,809	
Total	\$	1,134,724	\$	1,134,724	

These interfund balances are presented in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	[Due From	Due To		
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds					
Statements (page 15)	\$	398,831	\$	615,084	
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds (page 20)		735,893		519,640	
Total	\$	1,134,724	\$	1,134,724	

NOTE 6 CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance Additi		Additions	Transfers and ions Deletions		Ending Balance	
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$	768,410	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 768,410
Construction in Progress		4,779		-		-	 4,779
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		773,189		-		-	773,189
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:							
Buildings and Improvements		3,189,802		20,739		-	3,210,541
Other Improvements		369,730		-		-	369,730
Machinery and Equipment		769,136		34,247		(9,947)	793,436
Furniture and Fixtures		355,725		-		-	355,725
Vehicles		773,783		208,944		(91,162)	891,565
Infrastructure		10,827,631		349,490		-	11,177,121
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		16,285,807		613,420		(101,109)	16,798,118
Less Accumulated Depreciation:							
Buildings and Improvements		(960,285)		(92,829)		-	(1,053,114)
Other Improvement		(265,046)		(10,664)		-	(275,710)
Machinery and Equipment		(565,689)		(46,953)		9,947	(602,695)
Furniture and Fixtures		(60,751)		(16,483)		-	(77,234)
Vehicles		(725,455)		(38,500)		91,162	(672,793)
Infrastructure		(6,256,589)		(524,271)		-	(6,780,860)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(8,833,815)		(729,700)		101,109	 (9,462,406)
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		7,451,992		(116,280)		-	 7,335,712
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	8,225,181	\$	(116,280)	\$	-	\$ 8,108,901

	 Beginning Balance	A	dditions	Transfers and Deletions		Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities						
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:						
Land	\$ 1,551,289	\$		\$	-	\$ 1,551,289
Construction in Progress	 28,088		782,443			810,531
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	1,579,377		782,443		-	2,361,820
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:						
Buildings	79,023		-		-	79,023
Machinery and Equipment	1,735,423		39,129		-	1,774,552
Vehicles	290,289		8,200		-	298,489
Sewer System	12,904,017		-		-	12,904,017
Water System	7,348,486		19,970		-	7,368,456
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	 22,357,238		67,299		-	22,424,537
Less Accumulated Depreciation:						
Buildings	(52,948)		(2,289)		-	(55,237)
Machinery and Equipment	(1,271,567)		(82,879)		-	(1,354,446)
Vehicles	(206,463)		(18,804)		-	(225,267)
Sewer System	(7,453,692)		(248,980)		-	(7,702,672)
Water System	(3,191,958)		(186,168)		-	(3,378,126)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	 (12,176,628)		(539,120)		- '	(12,715,748)
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	 10,180,610		(471,821)		-	9,708,789
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 11,759,987	\$	310,622	\$	-	\$ 12,070,609

NOTE 6 CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation Expense

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 405,989
Public Safety	29,540
Public Works	255,235
Parks and Recreation	 38,936
Total Depreciation - Governmental Activities	\$ 729,700
Business-Type Activities:	
Water	\$ 230,858
Sewer	 308,262
Total Depreciation - Business-Type Activities	\$ 539,120

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT

Bond Payable

On August 17, 2016, the Town issued \$1,700,000 of Local Government Infrastructure Bonds, Series 2016A, through the Maryland Community Development Administration's Local Government Infrastructure Financing Program, as such this bond is consider a direct borrowing. The proceeds of the 2016A Local Government Infrastructure Bonds were used to finance the new Town Hall and Police Station. The Series 2016A Local Government Infrastructure Bonds were issued with a variable interest rate with interest being payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Principal amounts of between \$120,000 and \$185,000 are payable on June 1, with a final maturity on the debt due on June 1, 2026.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	F	Principal		nterest	Total
2024	\$	180,000	\$	10,843	\$ 190,843
2025		185,000		7,567	192,567
2026		185,000		3,922	 188,922
Total	\$	550,000	\$	22,332	\$ 572,332

NOTE 7 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

		eginning Balance	Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance		_	ue Within)ne Year
Government Activities										
Bond Payable	\$	725,000	\$	-	\$	175,000	\$	550,000	\$	180,000
Compensated Absences		218,971		-		79,047		139,924		107,792
Government Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	943,971	\$	-	\$	254,047	\$	689,924	\$	287,792
Business-Type Activities										
Loan Payable	\$	22,933	\$	-	\$	22,933	\$	-	\$	-
Compensated Absences		84,490		-		22,878		61,612		47,461
Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	¢	107,423	\$		\$	45.811	\$	61,612	\$	47,461
Long-Term Liabilities	φ	107,423	φ	-	φ	40,011	φ	01,012	φ	47,401

NOTE 8 NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Restricted net position at June 30, 2023 as follows:

	Fu							
	Water Sewer					Total		
Purpose:								
Capital Projects	\$ 2,466,622	\$	2,166,062		\$	4,632,684		

The restriction of net position in the enterprise fund was established by an ordinance adopted by the Mayor and Town Council. It provides that all sanitary sewer capital connection charges shall be used for the construction, extension, improvement, and maintenance of the sanitary system and wastewater treatment plant.

NOTE 9 PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Plan

Plan description. The employees of the Town are covered by the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (the System), which is a cost sharing employer public employee retirement system. While there are five retirement and pension systems under the System, employees of the Town are members of the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems and the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System. The System was established by the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to state employees, teachers, police, judges, legislators, and employees of participating governmental units. The Plans are administered by the State Retirement Agency. Responsibility for the System's administration and operation is vested in a 15-member board of trustees. The System issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.sra.maryland.gov.

Benefits provided. The System provides retirement allowances and other benefits to state employees of participating governmental units, among others. For individuals who become members of the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems on or before June 30, 2011, retirement/pension allowances are computed using both the highest three years Average Final Compensation (AFC) and the actual number of years of accumulated creditable service. For individuals who become members of the Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2011, pension allowances are computed using both the highest five years AFC and the actual number of years of accumulated service. Various retirement options are available under each system which ultimately determines how a retirees' benefit allowance will be computed. Some of these options require actuarial reductions based on the retirees' and/or designated beneficiary's attained age and similar actuarial factors.

A member of the Employees' Retirement System is generally eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 60 or accumulating 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance equals 1/55 (1.81%) of the member's average final compensation (AFC) multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service.

A member of the Employees' Pension System on or before June 30, 2011 is eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 62, with specified years of eligibility service, or accumulating 30 years of eligibility service regardless of age. An individual who becomes a member of the Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2011, is eligible for full retirement benefits if the members' combined age and eligibility service equals at least 90 years or if the member is at least age 65 and has accrued at least 10 years of eligibility service.

NOTE 9 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

General Information about the Plan (Continued)

For most individuals who retired from the Employees' Pension System on or before June 30, 2006, the annual pension allowance equals 1.2% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated prior to July 1, 1998, plus 1.4% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated subsequent to June 30, 1998. With certain exceptions, for individuals who are members of the Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2006, the annual pension allowance equals 1.2% of the member of years of credible service accumulated prior to July 1, 1998 plus 1.8% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated prior to July 1, 1998 plus 1.8% of the members AFC, multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated subsequent to June 30, 1998. Beginning in July 1, 2011, any new member of the Employees' Pension System shall earn an annual pension allowance equal to 1.5% of the member's AFC multiplied by the number of years of credible service accumulated as a member of the Employees' Pension System.

Contributions. The Town and covered members are required by state statute to contribute to the System. Members of the Employees' Pension System are required to contribute 7% annually. Members of the Employees' Retirement System are required to contribute 5-7% annually, depending on the retirement option selected. The contribution requirements of the System members, as well as the state and participating governmental employers are established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees for the System.

The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems for the year ended June 30, 2023, was 6.75% of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Town made its share of the required contributions during the year ended June 30, 2023 of \$182,274.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the Town reported a liability of \$1,380,684 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the System. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on actual employer contributions billed to participating government units for the year ending June 30, 2022. The contributions were increased to adjust for differences between actuarial determined contributions and actual contributions by the state of Maryland. As of June 30, 2023, the Town's proportionate share was 0.0069004% an increase of 0.0000959% from the prior year.

NOTE 9 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized pension expense of \$199,404. At June 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Ir	Deferred Iflows of esources
Changes in Assumptions	\$	151,412	\$	11,010
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		-		95,114
Change in Proportion		242,796		28,432
Net Differences Between Projected and Actual Earnings				
on Pension Plan Investments		-		6,178
Changes in Proportionate Share of Contributions		-		17,187
Town Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		182,274		-
Total	\$	576,482	\$	157,921

\$182,274 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	 Amount
2024	\$ 69,175
2025	50,665
2026	8,761
2027	112,139
2028	(4,453)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25% General, 2.75% Wage
Salary Increases	2.75% to 11.25%
Investment Rate of Return	6.80%

Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 Mortality Tables with projected generational mortality improvements based on the MP-2018 fully generational mortality improvement scale.

NOTE 9 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The economic and demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were adopted by the System's Board of Trustees based upon review of the System's experience study for the period 2014-2018, after completion of the June 30, 2018 valuation. Assumptions from the experience study including investment return, inflation, COLA increases, mortality rates, retirement rates, withdrawal rates, disability rates, and rates of salary increase were adopted by the board for the first use in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. As a result, an investment return assumption of 6.80% and an inflation assumption of 2.25% were used in the June 30, 2022 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-range expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the board after considering input from the System's investment consultant(s) and actuary(s).

For each major asset class that is included in the System's target asset allocation, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Public Equity	34 %	6.00 %
Private Equity	16	8.40
Rate Sensitive	21	1.20
Credit Opportunity	08	4.90
Real Assets	15	5.20
Absolute Return	06	3.50
Total	100 %	

The above was the System's Board of Trustees adopted asset allocation policy and best estimate of geometric real rates for each major asset class as of June 30, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of the pension plan expense was -2.97%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTE 9 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Discount rate. The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.80%. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability. Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the Town's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

	Current							
	19	6 Decrease	Di	Discount Rate			Increase	
	(5.80%)			(6.80%)			7.80%)	
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net					_			
Pension Liability	\$	2,118,385	\$	1,380,684		\$	768,535	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued System's financial report.

NOTE 10 OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee health and accident; and natural disasters. The Town purchases commercial insurance to protect its interest in its property and equipment, insurance against employee dishonesty and liability protection. Settled claims have not exceeded these coverage's for the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 11 LEASES

The Town, acting as lessor, leases antenna space and buildings under long-term, noncancelable lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through 2038 and provide for various renewal options. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized \$110,961 and \$11,894 in lease revenue and interest revenue, respectively, pursuant to these contracts.

NOTE 11 LEASES (CONTINUED)

Total future minimum lease payments to be received under lease agreement are as follows:

	Gove	rnmental Activ	rities - Ge	ies - General Fund		Business-Type Activities - Water Fund				
Year Ending June 30,	F	rincipal	lr	Interest		Principal		Interest		Total
2024	\$	40,291	\$	1,509	\$	72,304	\$	9,852	\$	123,956
2025		40,920		880		76,402		8,693		126,895
2026		38,070		246		44,817		7,692		90,825
2027		-		-		28,312		7,215		35,527
2028		-		-		28,753		6,773		35,526
2029-2033		-		-		181,863		25,819		207,682
2034-2038		-		-		234,314		9,712		244,026
2039-2043		-		-		8,170		5		8,175
Total	\$	119,281	\$	2,635	\$	674,935	\$	75,761	\$	872,612

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, MARYLAND SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY — MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

				Measuren	nent Date As of J	une 30,			
Employees' Retirement and Pension System:	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Town's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0069004%	0.0068045%	0.0061312%	0.0054586%	0.0048274%	0.0043291%	0.0044621%	0.0045820%	0.0036002%
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,380,684	\$ 1,020,847	\$ 1,385,734	\$ 1,125,870	\$ 1,012,867	\$ 936,107	\$ 1,052,785	\$ 952,226	\$ 638,920
Town's Covered Payroll	\$ 1,374,261	\$ 1,129,951	\$ 1,252,714	\$ 1,228,030	\$ 1,079,668	\$ 1,016,852	\$ 960,225	\$ 860,225	\$ 796,543
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	100.47%	90.34%	110.62%	91.68%	93.81%	92.06%	109.64%	110.69%	80.21%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	71.75%	76.76%	66.29%	67.98%	68.36%	66.71%	62.97%	66.26%	69.53%

The Town implemented GASB 68 during fiscal year 2015. As such, only nine years of information is available.

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, MARYLAND SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS — MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year																			
	_	2023		2022		2021	2021 2020		0 2019		2018		2017		2016		 2015		2014	
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	182,274	\$	157,490	\$	149,940	\$	92,862	\$	112,092	\$	96,262	\$	88,112	\$	86,925	\$ 86,576	\$	83,898	
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(182,274)		(157,490)		(149,940)		(92,862)		(112,092)		(96,262)		(88,112)		(86,925)	 (86,576)		(83,898)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$		
Town's Covered Payroll	\$	1,497,892	\$	1,374,261	\$	1,129,951	\$	1,215,341	\$	1,252,714	\$	1,228,030	\$	1,079,668	\$	1,016,852	\$ 960,225	\$	860,225	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		12.17%		11.46%		13.27%		7.64%		8.95%		7.84%		8.16%		8.55%	9.02%		9.75%	

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, MARYLAND NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION STATE OF MARYLAND RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS

There were no benefit changes during the years 2015 to 2022.

NOTE 2 CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS

- Inflation assumption changed as follows:
 - 6/30/2022
 2.25%
 - 6/30/2021 2.25%
 - 6/30/2020 2.60%
 - 6/30/2019 2.60%
 - **6/30/2018** 2.60%
 - 6/30/2017 2.65%
 - 6/30/2016 2.70%
 - 6/30/2015 2.70%
- Investment return assumption changed as follows:
 - 6/30/2022 6.80%
 - 6/30/2021 6.80%
 - **6/30/2020** 7.40%
 - 6/30/2019 7.40%
 - 6/30/2018 7.50%
 - 6/30/2017 7.50%
 - 6/30/20167.55%
 - 6/30/20157.65%

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, MARYLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES — BUDGET AND ACTUAL — GENERAL FUND (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Fi	nal Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Local Property Taxes:				
Real Property	\$	1,171,542	\$ 1,162,694	\$ (8,848)
Personal Property		400	-	(400)
Railroads and Public Utilities		21,000	30,428	9,428
Ordinary Business Corporations		15,000	20,769	5,769
Penalties and Interest - Delinquent Taxes		3,600	 2,324	 (1,276)
Net Property Taxes		1,211,542	 1,216,215	 4,673
Local Income Taxes		775,000	960,574	185,574
State Shared Taxes:				
Alcoholic Beverages		625	663	38
Admission		18,000	10,984	(7,016)
Highway		266,245	314,922	48,677
Total State Shared Taxes		284,870	 326,569	 41,699
Total Taxes		2,271,412	 2,503,358	 231,946
Licenses and Permits				
Traders		4,000	3,980	(20)
Building Permits		2,750	2,095	(655)
Rental Housing		500	1,850	1,350
Zoning Fees		500	2,100	1,600
Total Licenses and Permits		7,750	 10,025	 2,275
Intergovernmental				
Grants from Other Governments:				
Police Protection		50,727	51,233	506
Program Open Space Grant		-	205,920	205,920
Total Grants from Other Governments		50,727	 257,153	206,426
Grants from County Government:				
State Road Grant		3,828	3,828	-
Financial Corporations		655	655	-
Planning Functions		299,656	299,656	-
Total Grants from County Government		304,139	304,139	-
Total Intergovernmental		354,866	561,292	206,426
Service Charges				
Public Safety Charges:				
Safety Service Fee		7,500	-	(7,500)
Recreation Charges:				
Park Service Fee		5,000	-	(5,000)
Total Service Charges		12,500	 -	 (12,500)

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, MARYLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES — BUDGET AND ACTUAL — GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Fir	Variance Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES (Continued)						
Rents and Concessions	•		•		•	
Rents and Concessions	\$	41,796	\$	44,415	\$	2,619
Cable TV Franchise Fees		42,500		44,825		2,325
Recreation Charges:						
Rentals		11,000		16,940		5,940
Public Safety Charges:		,		,		,
Police Fines/Fees		750		745		(5)
Total Rents and Concessions		96,046		106,925		10,879
Miscellaneous Revenue						
Interest		22,000		59,139		37,139
Other		2,000		33,094		31,094
Total Miscellaneous Revenue		24,000		92,233		68,233
Total Revenues	\$	2,766,574	\$	3,273,833	\$	507,259

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, MARYLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES — BUDGET AND ACTUAL — GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Fir	nal Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
EXPENDITURES							
General Government							
Legislative:							
Council							
Salaries	\$	8,000	\$ 8,000	\$	-		
Operating Expenses		26,200	21,591		4,609		
Administration		440 570	400 400		0.470		
Salary Operating Expenses		140,572	132,400		8,172 14,012		
Capital Outlay		68,217	54,205 3,494		(3,494)		
Executive:		-	3,494		(3,494)		
Mayor							
Salary		10,000	10,000		_		
Financial Administration:		10,000	10,000		-		
Independent Accounting and Auditing							
Operating Expenses		22,500	24,675		(2,175)		
Law:		,000	,		(_,)		
Legal Counsel							
Operating Expenses		11,000	9,473		1,527		
Planning and Zoning:							
Planning Commission							
Salaries		86,174	80,152		6,022		
Operating Expenses		25,450	8,374		17,076		
General Services:							
Postal Park							
Operating Expenses		3,350	1,906		1,444		
Data Processing							
Computer Operating Expenses		18,000	22,913		(4,913)		
Other General Services							
Historical Association		42,890	30,390		12,500		
Community Projects		12,650	17,795		(5,145)		
Liability Insurance		6,000	 5,229		771		
Total General Government		481,003	430,597		50,406		
Public Safety							
Police Department:							
Patrol and Investigation							
Salaries		512,806	519,561		(6,755)		
Operating Expenses		80,176	87,298		(7,122)		
Capital Outlay		2,900	4,725		(1,825)		
Fire Department:		_,000	.,. 20		(1,020)		
Volunteer Company							
Operating Expenses		45,504	37,749		7,755		
Total Public Safety		641,386	 649,333		(7,947)		
-			-		,		

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, MARYLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES — BUDGET AND ACTUAL — GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Fir	al Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
EXPENDITURES (Continued)		<u> </u>				<u> </u>
Public Works						
Highways and Street:						
Streets, Roadways and Alleys:						
Salaries and Overtime	\$	171,848	\$	177,928	\$	(6,080)
Operating Expenses	Ŧ	72,500	Ŧ	45,412	Ŧ	27,088
Capital Outlay		487,600		495,118		(7,518)
Snow and Ice Removal:		101,000		100,110		(1,010)
Salaries		15,000		962		14,038
Operating Expenses		21,000		6,383		14,617
Street Lighting:		21,000		0,000		14,011
Operating Expenses		33,600		26,619		6,981
Stormwater Management:		55,000		20,013		0,301
Operating Expenses		74,000		74,957		(957)
Sanitation and Waste Removal:		74,000		74,957		(957)
Waste - Collection and Disposal:						
Operating Expenses		226.002		202.007		10 176
Total Public Works		336,083		323,907		12,176
Total Public Works		1,211,631		1,151,286		60,345
Recreation						
Parks:						
Salaries		121,526		109,770		11,756
Operating Expenses		58,166		23,398		34,768
Capital Outlay		62,000		94,796		(32,796)
Total Recreation		241,692		227,964		13,728
				,		
Miscellaneous						
Workers' Compensation Insurance		41,506		33,538		7,968
Health and Accident Insurance		205,200		157,323		47,877
Social Security Contributions		80,320		76,271		4,049
Pension Plan Expense		184,800		134,678		50,122
Miscellaneous		-		1,144		(1,144)
Total Miscellaneous		511,826		402,954		108,872
Total Expenditures		3,087,538		2,862,134		225,404
Excess (Deficiency) of Expenditures Over						
		(220.064)		411 600		722 662
Revenues Before Other Financing Sources		(320,964)		411,699		732,663
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Principal, Interest, and Issuance Cost		(189,294)		(188,563)		731
Transfer from Other Sources		203,294		-		(203,294)
Use of Prior Year Fund Balance		306,964		-		(306,964)
Total Other Financing Sources		320,964	-	(188,563)		(509,527)
-		,				
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	223,136	\$	223,136

TOWN OF MANCHESTER, MARYLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES — BUDGET AND ACTUAL — ENTERPRISE FUND (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			W	/ater Fund			Sewer Fund							
	Budget			Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		Budget		Actual	I	/ariance Positive legative)		
OPERATING REVENUES	Duugot			/ 101000		(Negative)		Buugot				iogalito)		
Charges for Services	\$ 3	326,326	\$	335,885	\$	9,559	\$	504,000	\$	503,599	\$	(401)		
Unit Charges	2	253,000		259,914		6,914		283,000		304,232		21,232		
Excise Taxes		12,750		-		(12,750)		11,250		-		(11,250)		
Area Service Charges		12,500		-		(12,500)		12,500		-		(12,500)		
Grant Revenue	2,0	000,439		801,854		(1,198,585)		2,000,439		-	(2,000,439)		
Miscellaneous		144,904	_	97,061	_	(47,843)		10,675	_	15,055		4,380		
Total Operating Revenues	2,7	749,919		1,494,714		(1,255,205)		2,821,864		822,886	(1,998,978)		
OPERATING EXPENSES														
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	4	136,344		392,055		44,289		375,135		347,474		27,661		
Operating Expenses	2	233,336		216,516		16,820		371,490		231,739		139,751		
Capital Outlay	2,0	072,739		841,542		1,231,197		2,062,739		8,200		2,054,539		
Total Operating Expenses	2,7	742,419		1,450,113		1,292,306		2,809,364		587,413		2,221,951		
Operating Income (Loss)		7,500		44,601		37,101		12,500		235,473		222,973		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)														
Payments on Notes		(23,100)		(22,933)		167		-		-		-		
Interest Revenue		15,600		77,399		61,799		13,200		72,653		59,453		
Debt Service Interest		-		(115)		(115)		-		-		-		
Bay Restoration Fees Revenue		-		-		-		112,800		114,199		1,399		
Bay Restoration Fees Remitted														
to the State		-		-		-		(112,800)		(114,199)		(1,399)		
Total Nonoperating														
Income (Loss)		(7,500)		54,351		61,851		13,200		72,653		59,453		
Change in Net Position -														
Budgetary Basis	\$	-		98,952	\$	98,952	\$	25,700		308,126	\$	282,426		
Capital Outlay				841,542						8,200				
Lease Revenue				34,243						-				
Payments on Notes				22,933										
Pension Expense				27,792						22,832				
Depreciation Expense				(230,858)						(308,262)				
Change in Net Position - GAAP Basis			\$	794,604					\$	30,896				
			Ψ	701,004					Ψ	00,000				